

COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH
OVERSIGHT DIVISION

FISCAL NOTE

L.R. No.: 1860-01
Bill No.: SB 394
Subject: Crimes and Punishment; Social Services Department; Victims of Crime; State Attorney General
Type: Original
Date: March 11, 2011

Bill Summary: This proposal revises laws regarding human trafficking.

FISCAL SUMMARY

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
General Revenue	(Less than \$100,000)	(Less than \$100,000)	(Less than \$100,000)
Total Estimated Net Effect on General Revenue Fund	(Less than \$100,000)	(Less than \$100,000)	(Less than \$100,000)

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>Other</u> State Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0

Numbers within parentheses: () indicate costs or losses.
This fiscal note contains 7 pages.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>All</u> Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE)			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
Total Estimated Net Effect on FTE	0	0	0

☐ Estimated Total Net Effect on All funds expected to exceed \$100,000 savings or (cost).

☐ Estimated Net Effect on General Revenue Fund expected to exceed \$100,000 (cost).

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
Local Government	\$0	\$0	\$0

FISCAL ANALYSIS

ASSUMPTION

Officials from the **Office of the State Courts Administrator** assume the proposal would not fiscally impact the courts.

The **Department of Mental Health (DMH)** state the bill does specifically address the provision of mental health and substance abuse services for individual victims of sexual offenses. It does say that agencies may provide services if funding exists. It is therefore assumed that the proposal places no requirements on the Department of Mental Health that would create a fiscal impact beyond its current level of operation.

Officials from the **Office of the Attorney General (AGO)** state the proposal creates new civil remedies whereby the AGO would bring a cause of action on behalf of victims of human trafficking. AGO assumes that any potential costs from the proposal could be absorbed with existing resources. If multiple cases arise from the passage of this proposal, the AGO may seek additional staff to handle the increase in workload.

Officials from the **Office of Prosecution Services, Department of Health and Senior Services** and the **Department of Public Safety - Highway Patrol** each assume the proposal would not fiscally impact their respective agencies.

In response to a similar proposal from this year (SB 331), officials at the **Office of State Public Defender (SPD)** stated they cannot assume that existing staff will provide competent, effective representation for any indigent clients faced with the enhanced definition and enhanced penalties for human trafficking. Passage of bills increasing penalties on existing crimes, or creating new crimes, requires the State Public Defender System to further extend resources. While the number of new cases (or cases with increased penalties) may be too few or uncertain to request additional funding for this specific bill, the SPD will continue to request sufficient appropriations to provide competent and effective representation in all its cases.

Oversight assumes the SPD can absorb the additional caseload that may result from this proposal.

Officials from the **Department of Social Services (DOS) - Division of Youth Services** anticipate it will be able to absorb any fiscal impact resulting from this proposal. DOS' divisions of **Family Support** and the **Children's Division** each assume the proposal would not fiscally

ASSUMPTION (continued)

impact their respective agencies.

Officials from the **Department of Corrections (DOC)** state the bill proposes to revise laws regarding human trafficking. The penalty provision component of this bill resulting in potential fiscal impact for DOC, is for up to a class A felony.

This bill expands the crimes of human trafficking by adding new crime criteria. DOC had one case last year charged under existing statute with a sentence of 20 years. Currently, the DOC cannot predict the number of new commitments which may result from the creation of the offense(s) outlined in this proposal. An increase in commitments depends on the utilization by prosecutors and the actual sentences imposed by the court.

If additional persons are sentenced to the custody of the DOC due to the provisions of this legislation, the DOC will incur a corresponding increase in direct offender cost either through incarceration (FY10 average of \$16.397 per offender, per day, or an annual cost of \$5,985 per inmate) or through supervision provided by the Board of Probation and Parole (FY10 average of \$3.92 per offender, per day or an annual cost of \$1,431 per offender).

In summary, supervision by the DOC through probation or incarceration would result in additional unknown costs to the department. Seventeen (17) persons would have to be incarcerated per each fiscal year to exceed \$100,000 annually. Due to the narrow scope of the expansions of these crimes, it is assumed the impact would be less than \$100,000 per year for the DOC.

<u>FISCAL IMPACT - State Government</u>	FY 2012 (10 Mo.)	FY 2013	FY 2014
GENERAL REVENUE			
<u>Costs - Department of Corrections</u>			
Incarceration / Probation for offenders of revised law regarding human trafficking	(Less than <u>\$100,000</u>)	(Less than <u>\$100,000</u>)	(Less than <u>\$100,000</u>)
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT TO THE GENERAL REVENUE FUND	(Less than <u>\$100,000</u>)	(Less than <u>\$100,000</u>)	(Less than <u>\$100,000</u>)

FISCAL IMPACT - Local Government

FY 2012
(10 Mo.)

FY 2013

FY 2014

\$0

\$0

\$0

FISCAL IMPACT - Small Business

No direct fiscal impact to small businesses would be expected as a result of this proposal.

FISCAL DESCRIPTION

This act modifies provisions relating to human trafficking. The act adds definitions for "blackmail", "financial harm", "nudity", "sexual conduct", "sexual performance" and "victim of trafficking."

This act adds the elements of blackmail or causing or threatening to cause financial harm to the crime of abusing an individual through forced labor.

Blackmail, causing or threatening to cause financial harm as well as using force, abduction, coercion and deception were also added as elements to the crimes of trafficking for the purposes of slavery, trafficking for the purposes of sexual exploitation, sexual trafficking of a child, and sexual trafficking of a child under the age of twelve. This act also adds the elements of sexual performance and production of explicit sexual material to the crimes of trafficking for the purposes of sexual exploitation, sexual trafficking of a child and sexual trafficking of a child under the age of twelve.

A court sentencing a defendant under the human trafficking provisions shall order the defendant to pay restitution to the victim in the amount the court finds appropriate under the facts of the case including an amount necessary for the mental and physical rehabilitation of the victim and any child of the victim.

It shall be an affirmative defense for any victim of trafficking under any prosecution for prostitution that such person was a victim of trafficking during the time of the alleged offense and that such crime was committed at the direction of another or in furtherance of the trafficking enterprise.

FISCAL DESCRIPTION (continued)

This act also authorizes the Department of Public Safety to establish procedures for identifying victims of trafficking. The department may establish training programs as well as standard protocols for appropriate agencies to educate officials and employees on state statutes and federal laws regulating human trafficking and with the identification and assistance of victims of human trafficking. Such agencies may include but not be limited to state employees and contractors, including the Children's Division of the Department of Social Services, juvenile courts, state law enforcement agencies, health care professionals, and runaway and homeless youth shelter administrators.

Law enforcement officers or prosecuting attorneys shall notify the Department of Social Services and, where applicable, juvenile justice authorities, of persons who reasonably appear to be a victim of trafficking in order that such agencies may determine whether the person may be eligible for state or federal services, programs, or assistance. The department may coordinate with relevant state, federal, and local agencies to evaluate appropriate services for victims of trafficking.

State agencies may implement programs and enter into contracts with nonprofit agencies and other nongovernment organizations to provide services to confirmed victims of trafficking, insofar as funds are available for that purpose. The list of possible services is prescribed under the act.

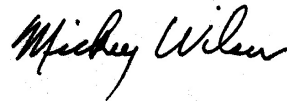
A victim of trafficking may bring a civil action against a person or persons who plead guilty to or are found guilty of a violation of human trafficking to recover the actual damages sustained by the victim, court costs, including reasonable attorney's fees, and punitive damages, when determined to be appropriate by the court. Any such action must be commenced within three years after the later of (1) the final order in the related criminal case; (2) the victim's emancipation from the defendant; or (3) the victim's eighteenth birthday.

The Attorney General may bring a civil action, in the circuit court in which the victim of trafficking was found, to recover from any person or entity that benefits, financially or by receiving anything of value, from violations of human trafficking, a civil penalty of not more than fifty thousand dollars for each violation of human trafficking, and injunctive and other equitable relief as the court may, in its discretion, order. The first priority of any money or property collected under such an action shall be to pay restitution to the victims of trafficking on whose behalf the civil action was brought.

This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Department of Public Safety
Office of the State Courts Administrator
Department of Corrections
Office of Prosecution Services
Office of the State Public Defender
Department of Social Services
Office of the Attorney General
Department of Health and Senior Services
Department of Mental Health

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Mickey Wilson". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Mickey Wilson, CPA
Director
March 11, 2011